Instructions:

• Please write clearly. What I cannot read, I will not grade.

• Show all your work in detail. I give partial credit.

• This exam has 11 pages including the title page. Please check to make sure all pages are included.

• This exam is closed book, closed notes, no calculators.

• Don’t get bogged down on any one question. You will have 50 minutes to complete this exam.

I commit to uphold the ideals of honor and integrity by refusing to betray the trust bestowed upon me as a member of the Georgia Tech community.

Signature: ________________________________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Question</th>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Multiple Choice</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Vocabulary</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Short Answer</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Fill in the Blank</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. NumDoors</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Find the Error</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Robot Drawing</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. countDownBy</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Factorial</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonus Questions</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total:</strong></td>
<td><strong>61</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Multiple Choice

1. For each of the following questions, select the appropriate answer by circling it.
   (a) (1 point) x = raw_input("Please enter a number.") What is type(x)?
       A. None B. bool C. float D. int E. str F. list
   (b) (1 point) Convert 11101001₂ to decimal (base 10):
       A. 217 B. 225 C. 232 D. 233 E. 234
   (c) (1 point) Convert 69₁₀ to binary (base 2):
       A. 01000100 B. 01000101 C. 11000101 D. 01000111 E. 01001101 F. 01010101
   (d) (1 point) Which of these commands detects something behind the robot (non-fluke side)?
       A. getObstacle() B. getIR() C. getBright() D. getLight() E. getStall()
   (e) (1 point) Which of these statements evaluates to True?
       A. True or False and False
       B. True and False or False
       C. True and True and False
       D. not True or False
   (f) (1 point) Which of these is a legal expression?
       A. “A” + “B"
       B. “A” - “B"
       C. “A” * “B"
       D. “A” / “B"
   (g) (1 point) Which of these is a legal expression?
       A. “A” + 5
       B. “A” - 5
       C. “A” * 5
       D. “A” / 5

2. For each of the following vocabulary terms, write a concise 1-2 sentence definition. Be brief, and to the point.
   (a) (3 points) flow of execution

       Solution: The order in which statements in a program are executed. Function calls, return statements, conditionals and loops all modify the standard top to bottom flow of execution.

   (b) (3 points) keyword

       Solution: A reserved word that is used by the compiler to parse program; you cannot use keywords (such as if, def, and while) as variable names.
(c) (3 points) parameter

**Solution:** parameter - A name used inside a function to refer to the value passed as an argument.

(d) (3 points) traverse

**Solution:** To move through all elements of a set, performing a similar operation on each element.

(e) (3 points) modulus operator

**Solution:** An operator, denoted with a percent sign ( %), that works on integers and yields the remainder when one number is divided by another.

**Short Answer**

3. For each of the following questions, give a brief answer:

(a) (1 point) What is printed when the following lines of code are evaluated?

```python
s = "look, contents!"
print s[:7:2]
```

**Solution:** Answer: lo,c

(b) (3 points) What is printed when the following lines of code are evaluated?

```python
l = ["open", "close", "in", "out", "up", "down"]
for i in range(0,6,2):
    print l[i]
```

**Solution:** Answer:

open
in
up

Grading: +1 for each word. (-1 if they don’t write them vertically, or for each incorrect word.)

(c) (2 points) Examine the following code:

```python
def foobar(x):
    if x == 0:
        return 1
    else:
        return foobar(x-1) + 1
```

3/11 Spring 2010
myVal = foobar(5)
What value will be assigned to myVal?

Solution: 6
4. (6 points) Complete each statement below by filling in the blank:

1. A __________ loop iterates through all items in a sequence.
2. A ____________ is a named entity that can refer to data or functions.
3. You can select a ____________ out of a list by using a colon inside brackets, such as aList[3:5]
4. You use ____________ in your python programs, denoted by the # symbol, to explain in natural language how your program works.
5. In python, the single equal sign is used for ____________, while the double equal sign is used for ____________.

Solution: Grading: +1 for each correct answer.

For
Variable or Identifier
Slice
Comments
Assignment, Equality Checking

Code Understanding

5. (2 points) What is printed by the following function if it is given the number 1 as n?

```python
def numDoors(n):
    if n == 0:
        print "haha you can’t get in!"
    if n == 1:
        print "good enough!"
    if n == 2:
        print "that’s normal"
    else:
        print "That’s funny!"

>>> numDoors( 1 )
```

Solution:
6. (3 points) Find the Error: The following code contains a statement that will cause a runtime error. Circle the line and explain what’s wrong.

e = "2.718"
pi = 3.14
pie = str(pi) + e
print int(e)
print int(pi)
print pie

**Solution:** Line 4 (print int(e)) contains the error. You cannot convert a string into an integer if it’s a floating point number. 1 point for identifying the line, 2 points for explaining what is wrong.
7. (8 points) Robot Drawing - Assume `turn90degrees()` has been defined as below so the robot turns right 90° and `nudge(x)` has been defined to move the robot forward `x` units.

```python
def turn90degrees():
    turnRight(1, 1)

def nudge(x):
    forward(1, x)
```

The following code makes the robot drive the trajectory drawn in the box to the right.

```python
nudge(1)
turn90degrees()
nudge(1)
nudge(2)
```

Draw the robot’s trajectory when the following code is executed. Label the length of each move (`nudge`) using numbers as in the example above.

```python
def turn90degrees():
    turnRight(1, 1)

def nudge(x):
    forward(1, x)

turns = [3,5]

for idx in [2,3,3,5,1]:
    if idx in turns:
        turn90degrees()
        nudge(idx + 1)
```
Solution:

Grading: 1 point for each correct line segment and length. 1 point for each correct turn.
Code Writing Questions

8. (8 points) Write a function called `countDownBy` that accepts a single integer parameter and uses a while loop to `print` out a countdown from that number to zero (inclusive) counting by one each time. You may assume that your input will be positive.

Example:

```python
>>> countDownBy(5)
5
4
3
2
1
0
```

Solution:

```python
def countDownBy(n):
    while x >= 0:
        print x
        x = x - 1
```

Grading: 1 point for correct def line, 2 points for starting at the number, 2 points for the while loop test, 2 points for decrementing correctly, 1 point for correct output (print not return)
9. (6 points) Write a function named `factorial` that takes in an integer parameter, and returns the factorial of that number. The factorial of a number \( (n!) \) is defined as being the product of all positive integers less than or equal to \( n \). Mathematically that is \( n! = \prod_{x=1}^{n} x \). Another way to write this is:

\[
\begin{align*}
  n! &= \begin{cases} 
    1 & \text{if } n = 0; \\
    n \times (n - 1)! & \text{if } n > 1;
  \end{cases}
\end{align*}
\]

So the factorial of 5 is \( 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 120 \). Note that the factorial of zero is defined to be 1. You may assume that the number you will be given will be non-negative. You may solve this using a loop, recursion or any other method.

**Solution:**

```python
def factorial( aNum):
    if (aNum == 0):
        return 1
    return aNum * factorial(aNum-1)

or

def factorial( aNum):
    product = 1
    index = 1
    while(index <= aNum):
        product = product * index;
        index = index + 1
    return( product )
```

Grading: 1 point for a correct header. 2 points for returning one if `aNum` is zero 2 points for calculating the correct answer. 1 point for returning the correct answer.

10. (3 points (bonus))  (a) With respect to the front of the room, where do you usually sit in the lecture hall?
    A. Closer to the front of the lecture hall
    B. Closer to the middle of the lecture hall
    C. Closer to the back of the lecture hall

(b) With respect to the sides of the room, where do you usually sit in the lecture hall?
    A. Closer to (my) left side of the lecture hall
    B. Closer to the middle of the lecture hall
    C. Closer to (my) right side of the lecture hall

(c) Convert 1337 to binary:
This page intentionally left blank. You may use it for scratch work. If you continue an answer onto this page, indicate this clearly on the page the answer should have gone on, and label the answer by the problem number.