(6) What are the states that an entry label can have, and what are the differences between them?

“disabled” – only allows text to be seen, the text can’t be copied.

“normal” – allows text to be seen, copied, and changed.

“readonly” – allows text to be seen and copied, but not changed.

(4) When should the root widget be created in relation to other widgets? Which of the following creates a root widget?

a) First, root.mainloop()

b) **First, myWin = Tk()**

c) Second, root.mainloop()

d) Second, myWin = Tk()

(5) Create a list named residents which has 50 values. Each value in the list begins with the letter a and then has its position multiplied by 2 concatenated onto the end. So, the value at position 10 would be “a20”.

```python
residents = []
for i in range(0, 100, 2):
    residents.append('a' + '%i' % i)
```

(10) Write a piece of code that will create a dictionary called dorm1. You already have a list of resident names called residents, their position in the list indicates their room number. Add each name into the dictionary by using the room number as the key and the name as the corresponding value. Assume all names in residents are strings.
dorm1 = {}

for j in residents:
    dorm1[residents.index(j)] = j

The above code works if there are no duplicates in the list of residents. If there are duplicates, this code would be better:

dorm1 = {}
index = 0

while index < len(residents):
    dorm1[index] = residents[index]
    index = index + 1
from tkinter import *

class Practice:
    global num
    num = 11
    def __init__(self, root):
        L1 = Label(root, text = "I hope you studied")
        L1.grid(row = 0, column = 0, columnspan = 2, sticky = E)

        F1 = Frame(root, relief = SUNKEN, width = 20, borderwidth = 1)

        self.i = 1
        self.tvl = StringVar()
        self.tv2 = StringVar()

        self.E1 = Entry(F1, textvariable = self.tv2)
        self.E1.pack(anch = E)

        self.E2 = Entry(F1, textvariable = self.tvl).pack(anch = W)

        B1 = Button(root, text = 'What do I do?!', command = self.clicked)
        B1.grid(row = 8, column = 8, sticky = W)

        F1.grid(row = 1, column = 0)

    def clicked(self):
        global num
        self.tv2.set('%i'%self.i)
        self.i+=1
        self.tvl.set('%i'%num)
        num-=1
        self.E1.config(state = 'readonly')

root = Tk()
obj = Practice(root)
root.mainloop()
(10) Draw the GUI produced from the code on the previous page before any buttons have been pressed.

![GUI before any buttons have been pressed]

(10) Draw the GUI produced from the code on the previous page, after the button has been clicked once.

![GUI after the button has been clicked once]

(5) How many clicks does it take for the values in the two entry boxes to be the same value and what numbers show up in the entry boxes at this point in time?

6 Clicks, number 6 in both boxes

(5) What is the value of num after 6 clicks?

Num = 5
(10) What is printed when the following code is run.

```python
a = (0,1,2,3)
b = [0,3,2,1]
c = '0,1,2,3'
d = "0,1,2,3"
e = {0: 1, 2: 3}
f = 0.123

myTup = (a,b,c,d,e,f)
a = a*2
b.sqrt()
c*2
d = d*2
e[0]*2
print(max(e))
f*=2

print (myTup)

(f,e,d,c,b,a) = (a,b,c,d,e,f)

print (myTup)

print(a)
print(b)
print(c)
print(d)
print(e)
print(f)
```
(15) Write a program that reads in a file named “practice.txt” that is in the correct
directory, and then writes a file named “practicechanged.txt” in the same directory.
The file “practicechanged.txt” should have every other line in “practice.txt”
beginning with the first line. You may assume there are no gaps between lines of
text. Be sure to close all files when you are finished with them!

```python
fIn = open("practice.txt","r")
lines = fIn.readlines()
fIn.close()

fOut = open("practicechanged.txt","w")
for index in range(0, len(lines), 2):
    fOut.write( lines[ index ] )

fOut.close()
```