

Question 1: Modern OLTP Indexes (Part II) [160 points]

- (i) **[10 points] Trie Index:**
Distinguish between a B+tree and a Trie.
- (ii) **[10 points] Trie Index:**
What is the computational complexity of operations in a Trie?
- (iii) **[10 points] Trie Index:**
Define the span of a trie level.
- (iv) **[10 points] Trie Index:**
How does the span of a trie level determine the fan-out of each node?
- (v) **[10 points] Radix Tree:**
Distinguish between a Trie and a Radix Tree.
- (vi) **[10 points] Radix Tree:**
Explain why a Radix Tree can produce false positives.
- (vii) **[10 points] Judy Arrays:**
Explain how Judy Arrays support an adaptive node representation.
- (viii) **[10 points] Judy Arrays:**
Explain why fat pointers are used in Judy Arrays.
- (ix) **[10 points] Judy Arrays:**
Distinguish between a Linear Node and a Bitmap Node.
- (x) **[10 points] Adaptive Radix Tree:**
Distinguish between Adaptive Radix Tree and Judy Array.
- (xi) **[10 points] Adaptive Radix Tree:**
List the types of nodes in an Adaptive Radix Tree.
- (xii) **[10 points] Adaptive Radix Tree:**
Explain why binary comparable keys are required in a Radix Tree.
- (xiii) **[10 points] MassTree:**
Distinguish between Adaptive Radix Tree and MassTree.
- (xiv) **[10 points] MassTree:**
Explain how MassTree is optimized for long keys.
- (xv) **[20 points] In-Memory Indexes:**
Why does Adaptive Radix Tree outperform BwTree?